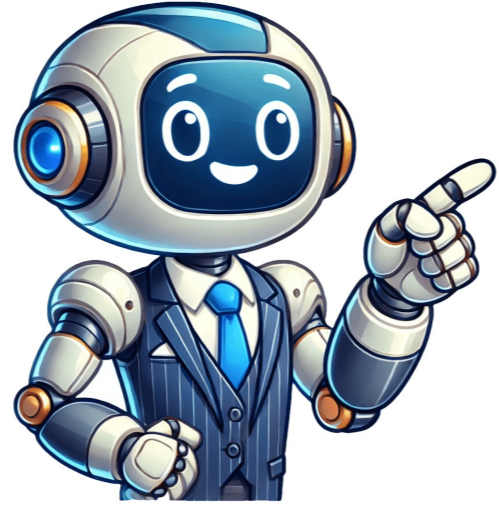


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CARDINAL AND ORDINAL NUMBERS by marsala Date: 27 - May - 2008 Level: elementary Age: +11 Description:Complete this table by writing cardinal and ordinal numbers in full. Comments (0) - Link to this exercise from your website or blog: Page 2 English Exercises > numbers exercises Grammar Explanations Grammar Exercises Vocabulary Explanations Vocabulary Exercises Animals, Plants Confusing Words Customs and Traditions Date, Numbers, Time English Around the World Environment, Weather Food, Drinks Free Time Home, House Language, Proverbs People, Family Pronunciation Spelling Word Formation Work, Jobs, School Index of contents Video: ordinal numbers Learning the difference between ordinal and cardinal numbers is essential for mastering English numbers. Let's explore what each term means and how you can practice using them. What are Cardinal Numbers? Cardinal numbers represent quantity. Simply put, they are the numbers you use for counting things. Examples of cardinal numbers are: Duolingo English Test vs. TOEFL. Which One is Better for You?What are Ordinal Numbers? Ordinal numbers indicate position or order in a sequence. You often see them in rankings or when describing the position of something. Examples of ordinal numbers include: FirstSecondThirdFourthFifth Exercises to Practice Here are some exercises to help you practice using both types of numbers: Exercise 1: Identifying Cardinal Numbers List out how many items you have in the following scenarios: Books on a shelf: Count the number of books and write it in cardinal form.Apples in a basket: Count and write the number of apples.Pens on a desk: How many pens are there? Exercise 2: Identifying Ordinal Numbers Use ordinal numbers to describe the position of items: Race Finishers: If you have five race participants, who finished 1st, 2nd, and 3rd?Line Order: In a line of people, who is standing 3rd from the front?Days of the Week: What is the 4th day of the week? Exercise 3: Mixed Practice Choose the correct form (cardinal or ordinal) for these sentences: I have ___ (three/third) cats.My birthday is on the ___ (seventh/seven) of June.There are ___ (fifteen/fifteenth) chairs in the room.She was the ___ (one/first) to arrive at the meeting.He finished in ___ (second/two) place in the competition. These exercises will help reinforce your understanding of when to use cardinal versus ordinal numbers. Practice makes perfect, and soon you'll be using both kinds effortlessly! Importance of Practicing Ordinal and Cardinal Numbers Understanding and using both ordinal and cardinal numbers correctly is essential for effective communication in English. Here's why practice in this area is so important: Cardinal Numbers Cardinal numbers are used to count objects. They answer the question "How many?" These numbers are fundamental for everyday activities such as shopping, telling time, or even describing your age. For example: "I have three brothers." "She bought two apples." Exercises for Cardinal Numbers Counting Objects: Create a list of items you see daily. Write sentences indicating how many of each item you observe.Shopping Lists: Simulate a shopping trip by listing groceries along with their quantities, using cardinal numbers. For instance, "I need five bananas and two loaves of bread."Number Dictation: Practice with a friend or language partner. Listen to each other say numbers, and write them down in numeral form. Ordinal Numbers Ordinal numbers indicate the position or order of things in a sequence. They are crucial for expressing dates, rankings, and chronological events. For example: "He finished in first place." "My birthday is on the third of March." Exercises for Ordinal Numbers Event Sequencing: Describe the steps in a process you know well, such as a recipe or a daily routine, using ordinal numbers. "First, I wake up. Second, I brush my teeth."Calendar Dates: Practice writing and saying dates. Try exercises like, "My appointment is on the twenty-second of July."Race Rankings: Imagine a race and list the participants in order of how they finish. "John came first, Sarah was second, and Mike was third."Combined Practice Diary Entry: Write a short diary entry about your day, incorporating both ordinal and cardinal numbers. "Today, I met two friends. We went to three different cafes before I finally reached home on the fifth floor."Storytelling: Tell a story that involves numbers. It could be about a pretend journey or event sequence. Use both types of numbers to enhance detail and clarity.Understanding Directions: Map exercises using both cardinal numbers (distances) and ordinal numbers (turns or floors) can be helpful in visualizing and practicing their use in a practical context. By regularly practicing with these exercises, learners can gain confidence and proficiency in using ordinal and cardinal numbers. This not only improves their English language skills but also enhances their ability to convey information accurately and effectively in daily communication. Exercises for Learning Cardinal Numbers Mastering cardinal numbers is essential for expressing quantities and doing basic arithmetic in English. Here are some engaging exercises to practice using cardinal numbers: Exercise 1: Fill in the Blanks Complete the sentences with the correct cardinal number: I have ___ apples in my basket.There are ___ students in the classroom.She bought ___ books from the bookstore.They live in a house with ___ windows.I need ___ cups of flour for the recipe. Exercise 2: Counting Objects Look around your room and list the number of each item you see. Write sentences using cardinal numbers: Example: There are three chairs in my room. Exercise 3: Math Practice Use cardinal numbers to solve these simple math problems: What is the sum of eight and six?Subtract five from twelve.Multiply three by four.Divide sixteen by two. English Skill CheckExercise 4: Real-Life Scenarios Imagine you're planning a party. Write sentences that describe how many of each item you will need: ___ balloons ___ cups ___ plates ___ chairs Exercise 5: Number Matching Match the words with their corresponding numbers: One hundred and twenty-three: ___ Fifty-six: ___ Ninety-eight: ___ Thirty-two: ___ Exercise 6: Writing Practice Write a short paragraph about your day using at least five cardinal numbers. Include quantities related to time, items, or activities. By practicing with these exercises, learners can improve their ability to use cardinal numbers fluently in everyday situations. Exercises for Mastering Ordinal Numbers Introduction to Ordinal Numbers Ordinal numbers are used to indicate position or order in a sequence. Unlike cardinal numbers, which denote quantity, ordinal numbers tell us the position of something in a list, such as first, second, third, and so on. Exercise 1: Basic Practice Write the ordinal numbers for the following cardinal numbers:147112023Fill in the blanks with the correct ordinal numbers:January is the ___ month of the year.Sunday is the ___ day of the week.The ___ of July is a holiday in the United States. Exercise 2: Sentence Completion Complete the following sentences with appropriate ordinal numbers: Jack won the ___ prize in the competition.This is the ___ time Maria has visited Paris.The ___ chapter of the book was the most interesting. Exercise 3: Understanding Context Choose the correct ordinal number to complete each sentence: Tom finished the race in ___ (third / thirteenth) place.Amanda was the ___ (first / tenth) speaker at the conference.The library is on the ___ (second / twenty-second) floor of the building. Exercise 4: Writing Practice Convert the following sentences to include ordinal numbers: Sarah is number 1 in the class.Sarah is the ___ in the class.It is June 5 today.It is the ___ of June today.This will be our anniversary 10.This will be our ___ anniversary. Exercise 5: Real-Life Application List the next three events you have scheduled, and write down their dates using ordinal numbers. For example: Doctor's appointment: February 5 -> February 5thFriend's wedding: March 20 -> March 20th The Four Most Commonly Broken Rules of the Duolingo English Test (and How to Avoid Them)Exercise 6: Listening and Speaking Practice Listen to a podcast or a video in English and note down any ordinal numbers you hear. Afterward, practice saying them out loud to improve your pronunciation and fluency. Misunderstanding Ordinal and Cardinal Numbers One common mistake is confusing ordinal numbers (first, second, third) with cardinal numbers (one, two, three). Remember that ordinal numbers indicate position or order in a sequence, while cardinal numbers show quantity. Tip: - Practice with examples: "She finished third in the race," versus "There are three apples on the table." Incorrect Spelling Ordinal and cardinal numbers have specific spellings that learners often get wrong, especially for numbers like twelfth or fortieth. Tip: Focus on common tricky spellings: - 12th: twelfth - 40th: fortieth- Use mnemonic devices or rhymes to memorize these spellings. Misplacing the Suffix in Ordinals Learners might forget to add the correct suffix to make an ordinal, e.g., writing 11th instead of 1st. Tip: Remember the rule for common suffixes: - 1st: Ends with st - 2nd: Ends with nd - 3rd: Ends with rd - 4th and above: Ends with th Wrong Pronunciation Ordinal numbers can be tricky to pronounce, especially when they contain the th sound, like in fifth or sixth. Tip: Practice reading numbers out loud, focusing on the th sound. - Use language learning apps that provide pronunciation guides or record yourself speaking. Free English PracticeInconsistencies in Formal and Informal Contexts English language learners might use numbers informally when a formal form is needed such as in official documents or academic writing. Tip: In formal writing, always write numbers zero through nine as words and 10 and above as numerals unless they begin a sentence. - Examples: - Formal: Five participants need to submit their forms. - Informal: 5 apples were on the table. Misusing Hyphens in Compound Numbers Hyphen use can be confusing, especially in numbers like twenty-one to ninety-nine. Tip: - Hyphenate compound numbers from 21 to 99. - Correct: twenty-one. Incorrect: twenty one Confusing Numbers with Adjectives Sometimes learners might use ordinal numbers as adjectives inappropriately or vice versa. Tip: Ordinal numbers can be used as adjectives, modifying a noun. They often describe order or position. - Example: The second chapter is exciting. Overlooking Context Using numbers without considering the context can lead to misunderstandings. Tip: - Pay attention to sentences whether the number is meant to indicate order or quantity. - Practice using numbers in different contexts by creating simple sentences for each. By understanding and avoiding these common pitfalls, learners can improve their accuracy with ordinal and cardinal numbers in English. Regular practice and being mindful of these tips can make mastering numerical expressions in English much easier. DET Study: Elevate Your Exam ReadinessDET Study provides an extensive suite of over 15,000 practice questions, focusing on leveraging adjectives and adverbs to fortify your grammatical skills. Regular practice with these targeted materials ensures that you approach the Duolingo English Test with enhanced confidence and precision, ready to achieve your desired scores. Need more practice? Check out DETStudy.com for expert resources, 15,000+ practice questions, and AI-powered writing and speaking feedback. Cardinal numbers describe quantity, such as one, two, or three, and they tell "how many" of something there are. Ordinal numbers, on the other hand, indicate position or order in a series, like first, second, or third. You can practice by completing exercises that ask you to identify or convert numbers in sentences, such as "There are 5 apples (cardinal) on the first shelf (ordinal)." Additionally, many language learning apps and educational websites offer interactive quizzes and worksheets. Ordinal and cardinal numbers are essential for clear communication about quantity and order in English. They are fundamental in daily activities, like giving directions, telling the time, and organizing events, helping to convey precise information effectively. How good is your English?Find out with Lingolia's free grammar test English Exercises > numbers exercises CARDINAL AND ORDINAL NUMBERS by marsala Date: 27 - May - 2008 Level: elementary Age: +11 Description:Complete this table by writing cardinal and ordinal numbers in full. Comments (0) - Link to this exercise from your website or blog: Page 2 English Exercises > numbers exercises Cardinal numbers say how many people or things there are. Examples:There are five books on the desk.Ron is ten years old. 1.1.1. Numbers bigger than 20Use a hyphen between compound numbers: Number Word 21 twenty-one 55 fifty-five 99 ninety-nine 1.1.2. Numbers bigger than 100Use a hyphen between compound numbers and the word and.Use either the definite article a or one for 100. Number Word 121 a/one hundred and twenty-one 356 three hundred and fifty-six 999 nine hundred and ninety-nine In American English and is mostly not used. 1.1.3.Numbers bigger than 1,000 Use a hyphen between compound numbers and the word and. Use either the definite article a or one for 1,000. Separate three digits with a comma (,) 50,000. Number Word 1,121 a/one thousand and one hundred and twenty-one 2,356 two thousand and three hundred and fifty-six 9,999 nine thousand and nine hundred and ninety-nine 305,234 three hundred and five thousand and two hundred and thirty-four In American English and is mostly not used. 1.1.4. The number 0 There are different words for the number 0. Word Explanation Example oh single digits (telephone numbers, codes) 67890 six - seven - eight - nine - oh zero measurements (temperature) -5 C five degrees Celsius below zero nought figure 0 in British English* 5 - 5 = 0 Five minus five leaves nought. nil results in sport The match ended 2 - 0. The match ended two - nil. love tennis 40 - 0 forty - love * In American English zero is used. 1.1.5. Year see: The date and the year in English 1.2. Ordinal numbers Add th to the cardinal number to form the ordinal number: six sixth Add the last two letters of the written word to the figure. 4th Numbers in words: The ordinal numbers 1st-first 2nd-second and 3rd-third are irregular. Be careful with the spelling of the words for 5th, 8th, 9th, 12th and the words ending in -y. Cardinal numbers Ordinal numbers 1 one 1st first 2 two 2nd second 3 three 3rd third 4 four 4th fourth 5 five 5th fifth 6 six 6th sixth 7 seven 7th seventh 8 eight 8th eighth 9 nine 9th ninth 10 ten 10th tenth 11 eleven 11th eleventh 12 twelve 12th twelfth 20 twenty 20th twentieth Ordinal numbers 21st twenty-first 22nd twenty-second 23rd twenty-third 24th twenty-fourth 25th twenty-fifth 26th twenty-sixth 27th twenty-seventh 28th twenty-eighth 29th twenty-ninth 30th thirtieth 31st thirty-first 1.3. Fractions and decimals 1.3.1. Fractions Use the ordinal number for the denominator:1/3 one third2/3 two and three fifthsExceptions: 1/2 one half 1/4 one quarter 1.3.2. Decimals Use the cardinal number for decimals: 3.6 three point eight4.25 four point two five 1.4. Roman numbers Roman numbers are seldom used. They are used for the names of kings and queens. Use the ordinal number: Elisabeth II Elisabeth the SecondLouis XIV Louis the Fourteenth 2. The numbers in a table Cardinal numbers Ordinal numbers 0 oh, zero, nil, love, nought -- 1 one 1st first 2 two 2nd second 3 three 3rd third 4 four 4th fourth 5 five 5th fifth 6 six 6th sixth 7 seven 7th seventh 8 eight 8th eighth 9 nine 9th ninth 10 ten 10th tenth 11 eleven 11th eleventh 12 twelve 12th twelfth 13 thirteen 13th thirteenth 14 fourteen 14th fourteenth 15 fifteen 15th fifteenth 16 sixteen 16th sixteenth 17 seventeen 17th seventeenth 18 eighteen 18th eighteenth 19 nineteen 19th nineteenth 20 twenty 20th twentieth 21 twenty-one 21st twenty-first 22 twenty-two 22nd twenty-second 23 twenty-three 23rd twenty-third 24 twenty-four 24th twenty-fourth 25 twenty-five 25th twenty-fifth 26 twenty-six 26th twenty-sixth 27 twenty-seven 27th twenty-seventh 28 twenty-eight 28th twenty-eighth 29 twenty-nine 29th twenty-ninth 30 thirty 30th thirtieth 31 thirty-one 31st thirty-first 40 forty 50 fifty 60 sixty 70 seventy 80 eighty 90 ninety 100 a/one hundred 1,000 a/one thousand 10,000 ten thousand 100,000 a/one hundred thousand 1,000,000 a/one million 1,000,000,000 a/one billion Index of contents Video: numbers 1 - 100

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