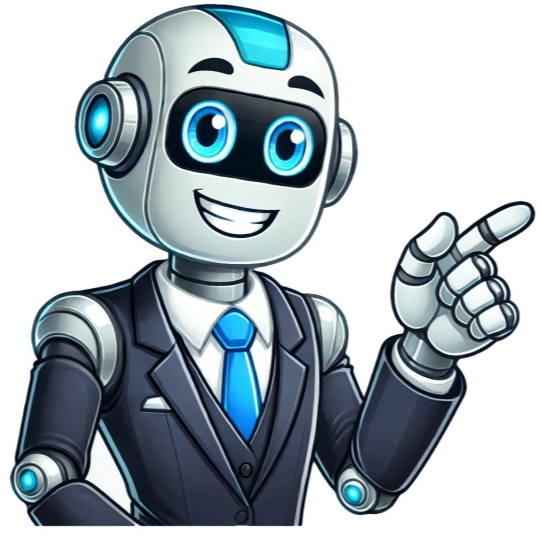


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How long after an abortion to get a negative test

Duration of Hormones in the Body After an Abortion. It is common for HCG (human chorionic gonadotropin) levels to remain elevated for a period of time. This hormone, produced during pregnancy, can stay in the system for several weeks after a termination. The length of time it takes for the hormone to be eliminated varies from person to person and depends on several factors, such as the type of abortion, gestational age, and the person's overall health. Factors Affecting the Duration of a False Positive The levels of HCG gradually decrease after an abortion, but the time it takes to completely exit the body can vary. Factors influencing this duration include: Gestational Age The more advanced the pregnancy, the longer it may take for HCG levels to normalize. For instance, a more advanced pregnancy generally results in higher HCG levels that may take longer to decrease. Type of Abortion Miscarriage: This occurs naturally without medical intervention. The rate at which HCG levels decrease can vary widely depending on when the abortion occurred and how the body responded. Induced Abortion: This can be through medication or surgical procedures. Medical abortions use pills to terminate the pregnancy, while surgical abortions remove the uterine contents through a procedure. Both types can have different impacts on the duration of HCG. Individual Health The body's ability to process and eliminate hormones can vary based on general health and metabolism. Factors such as the state of the endocrine system and the efficiency of the liver and kidneys can affect how quickly hormones are eliminated. Explanation of a Positive Result Seeing a positive pregnancy test result after an abortion can be stressful. However, this usually does not mean that the abortion was ineffective. Positive results are often due to residual HCG levels in the body. These levels can remain high enough to be detected by pregnancy tests for several weeks. When to Expect a Negative Result? Average Times In general, HCG levels should decrease to undetectable levels within about four to six weeks after an abortion. This timeframe can vary depending on the factors mentioned above. Some people may see a negative pregnancy test in a shorter period, while others may need more time. Follow-Up Tests To ensure that HCG levels are decreasing as expected, follow-up tests are usually recommended. These can include: Blood tests. Quantitative HCG tests can measure the exact levels of the hormone in the body and show how they are decreasing over time. These tests are very accurate and can detect even small amounts of HCG. Urine tests. Although less accurate than blood tests, urine tests can be useful for checking if HCG levels have dropped. These tests are more accessible and can be done at home. What to Do After an Abortion A follow-up after an abortion is crucial to ensure your recovery is progressing properly. Although routine medical check-ups are not always necessary, it is important to watch for warning signs such as heavy bleeding, fever, or severe pain as these could indicate complications that require medical attention. If you have questions about your recovery process or experience symptoms of complications, do not hesitate to contact us. At safe2choose, we offer free and confidential counseling, providing accurate information and emotional support. Our counselors are available via email and live chat to answer your questions and guide you through each step of the process. For more information, visit our abortion counseling page. Additional Procedures and Tests In some cases, additional procedures, such as an ultrasound, may be necessary to verify that the uterus has been completely cleared. An ultrasound can provide a clear image of the inside of the uterus and help identify any abnormalities that need to be addressed, although complications from a well-performed medical or surgical abortion are very rare. This is especially important if HCG levels are not decreasing as expected or if there are symptoms of complications. Conclusion After an abortion, it is completely normal to experience a positive pregnancy test result for several weeks due to residual HCG levels. Understanding why the hormone remains in the body and following recommendations can help reduce stress in this situation. It is essential to maintain open communication with your health-care provider, companion, or our counselors and perform all necessary tests to ensure a complete and safe recovery. Remember that each body is different, and the time it takes to completely eliminate pregnancy hormones can vary. Monitoring your symptoms and undergoing follow-up tests are important steps to ensure your health and well-being during this recovery period. FAQs Can retained tissue affect HCG levels after an abortion? Yes, retained tissue can keep HCG levels elevated after an abortion. This may require additional medical attention to ensure there are no complications. What are the signs of complications after an abortion? Signs of complications include: heavy bleeding, severe abdominal pain, fever or chills, foul-smelling vaginal discharge, and weakness or dizziness. Seek immediate medical attention if you experience these symptoms. What should I do if my HCG levels are not decreasing as expected? If your HCG levels are not decreasing, contact us for guidance and to determine if you need further medical evaluation. When should I take a follow-up pregnancy test after an abortion? We recommend taking a follow-up pregnancy test about three weeks after the abortion to ensure that HCG levels have adequately decreased. Follow-up after an abortion is crucial to ensure complete recovery. If you have any questions or concerns, contact us through our free and confidential counseling service to receive support and guidance tailored to your situation. We are here to help you every step of the way. A medical abortion uses a medicine or a combination of tablets to cause the non No. You can take Misoprostol on your own. Using Misoprostol is no more... You will need 12 pills of misoprostol, 200 micrograms (mcg) each. To cause an... Misoprostol alone has the following brand names: Cytotec (200ug Misoprostol... All brands are effective. The most important thing is that the pills contain... Late abortions are available in the following countries: An infection with Chlamydia is one of the main causes of infertility and must... The only injection that can successfully end a pregnancy is methotrexate. This... Methotrexate can be used in combination with Misoprostol... Antibiotics can diminish the effectiveness of the contraceptive pill as it may... No it does not. Provera does not contain a working substance to make the womb... Most women determine that they are pregnant if they are sexually active and... You can do a medical abortion at home until the 12th week of your pregnancy. Misoprostol still works after 12 weeks of pregnancy. However 4% to 8% of women... Your health will not be harmed if you are not pregnant but take the medicines... hCG levels in weeks from Last Menstrual Period : Usually doctors advice women who have an (surgical) abortion or miscarriage or... You should not use the medicines if: Contraindications are conditions or situations might keep you from being able... An ectopic pregnancy is a pregnancy that grows outside the womb, usually in a... An IUD is a contraceptive, a small coil of about 3 cm inserted by a doctor into... You are strongly advised to use the medicines in the presence of someone you... It is absolutely necessary to be within one hour of help, in case you lose too... NSAIDs like Ibuprofen, Diclofenac and Naproxen are the most effective... Because some of these medication might counter the contractions of the womb... You will need 12 pills of misoprostol, 200 micrograms (mcg) each. We strongly advise you to use Misoprostol under your tongue. This way, no... It is better not to breastfeed during the first 5 hours after taking... Women are fertile for about 40 years. Some women need more than one abortion... We strongly advise women to use Misoprostol under the tongue (dissolve under... You should not drink any alcohol or use drugs, as it can affect your judgment. After using Misoprostol you should expect bleeding and cramps. Bleeding usually... It is best to take Misoprostol on the weekends or when you can rest for a bit. Yes, you must take the next doses, despite the blood loss. Scientific research... The general rule is that fresh blood is red and old blood is brown. While... Most of the time women can see blood and tissue in their sanitary napkin or in... The medical abortion normally causes side effects such as pain and cramping, as... If the treatment was successful, you should no longer have any pain, just blood... A complete abortion means that the body has expelled all the products of... If performed in the first 10 weeks, a medical abortion carries a very small... Infections following medical abortions are very rare. If you feel weakness An incomplete abortion is an abortion that has only been partially successful. Vacuum aspiration (MVA)is a surgical intervention to remove the contents of the... Misoprostol disappears from the blood after 12 hours, and it does not show up... Continuing pregnancy is a pregnancy that continues to develop even after the... If you have an ongoing pregnancy after using Misoprostol, the risk of having a... If you do not have symptoms of a complication, it is not necessary to have an... Many illegal abortions are unsafe and are carried out without proper... In most cases Misoprostol will have an effect within 4 hours and you will start... You do not have to go to a hospital, but you should get an ultrasound or do a... Yes, you must immediately start taking precautions. For contraceptive methods... No, having an induced abortion does not increase a woman's chance of developing... It is best to wait 4-7 days after taking the Misoprostol to have sexual... Medical abortions performed in the first 12 weeks of pregnancy have a very low... A medical abortion does not affect your ability to conceive or bear a child in... Although it may be several weeks after your abortion before you get your... About 85% of sexually active women who do not use contraceptives become... Do I have an infection? A fever could indicate that you have an infection. If... Abortion is a complex and deeply personal decision that many women make at different points in their lives. After undergoing an abortion, it is natural for women to have questions about their reproductive health and the possibility of future pregnancies. One common query is how long after an abortion will it show pregnant. Understanding the timeline and factors involved can provide essential information for those seeking answers and support during this emotional and sensitive time. Characteristics Values Hormonal Changes Up to 4 weeks after abortion Positive Pregnancy Test Up to 2 weeks after abortion HCG Levels Decrease gradually, may take a few weeks Menstrual Cycle May return within 4-8 weeks after abortion Physical Symptoms (e.g., breast tenderness, nausea) Can last a few days to a few weeks Emotional Recovery Varied, may take weeks to months How long after an abortion will a pregnancy test still show positive? After having an abortion, many women may wonder how long it will take for a pregnancy test to show a negative result. It is important to understand that the timeframe can vary based on several factors, including the type of abortion procedure and how far along the pregnancy was. Generally, a pregnancy test measures the presence of a hormone called human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG) in the body. This hormone is produced by the placenta after fertilization occurs. When a pregnancy is terminated, whether through a medical abortion (using medication) or a surgical abortion, the hCG levels in the body will gradually decrease. In the case of a medical abortion, which involves taking medication to induce miscarriage, it may take a few weeks for hCG levels to return to normal. Typically, hCG levels start to decline within a couple of days after taking the medication. However, it can take anywhere from one to six weeks for the hormone to completely leave the body. On the other hand, after a surgical abortion, the level of hCG in the body typically drops more rapidly. This is because the procedure removes the pregnancy tissue and reduces the hormonal production. In most cases, hCG levels will become undetectable within a week of the procedure. However, it is important to note that individual cases can vary, and it may take slightly longer for some women. To accurately determine whether a pregnancy has been successfully terminated, it is recommended to follow up with a healthcare provider. They may conduct a blood test to measure the hCG levels and ensure they have returned to non-pregnant levels. This is especially important if a woman has experienced a medical abortion or if there are any concerns about the effectiveness of the procedure. Additionally, it is worth mentioning that some pregnancy tests are more sensitive than others and can detect even very low levels of hCG. Therefore, it is possible to get a positive result on a pregnancy test even if the hCG levels are very low. To avoid confusion, it is best to consult with a healthcare provider and rely on their guidance for accurate testing. In conclusion, after an abortion, the time it takes for a pregnancy test to show a negative result can vary. It depends on the type of abortion procedure and how far along the pregnancy was. Generally, with a medical abortion, it may take one to six weeks for hCG levels to return to non-pregnant levels. With a surgical abortion, it usually takes less time, around one week. However, to ensure accurate results and confirm that the termination was successful, it is best to follow up with a healthcare provider. They can conduct a blood test to measure hCG levels and provide the most accurate assessment. How long does it take for pregnancy hormones to leave the body after an abortion? When a woman undergoes an abortion, whether it is through medication or a surgical procedure, her body goes through significant changes. One of the main changes that occur is the gradual decrease in pregnancy hormones, which are responsible for sustaining the pregnancy. The length of time it takes for these hormones to leave the body can vary from woman to woman and can depend on several factors. After an abortion, the level of pregnancy hormones, particularly human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG), starts to decrease. hCG is produced by the placenta and is responsible for maintaining the uterine lining and supporting the development of the fetus. Once the pregnancy is terminated, the body no longer needs to produce hCG, and its levels start to decline. On average, it takes about one to two weeks for pregnancy hormones to leave the body after an abortion. However, this timeframe can vary depending on the type of abortion procedure performed and how far along the pregnancy was. In the case of a medication abortion, which involves taking a combination of medications (mifepristone and misoprostol) to induce the abortion, hCG levels typically start to decrease within a few days. It may take up to two weeks for the hormones to completely leave the body in this case. For a surgical abortion, the body may take slightly longer to eliminate pregnancy hormones. This is because the surgical procedure involves removing the pregnancy tissue from the uterus, which can result in a gradual decline in hormone levels. Generally, it takes about one to two weeks for the hormones to be completely eliminated from the body following a surgical abortion. It is important to note that every woman's body is unique, and the rate at which pregnancy hormones leave the body can vary. Factors such as individual metabolism, hormone levels prior to the abortion, and overall health can influence the speed at which the hormones are eliminated. Additionally, it is not uncommon for some women to experience lingering pregnancy hormone levels for a few weeks or even up to a month after an abortion. To determine the progress of pregnancy hormone elimination, healthcare providers often use blood tests to measure the levels of hCG in the body. These tests can help monitor the hormone decline and ensure that the abortion was successful. It is essential to follow up with a healthcare provider after an abortion to ensure that the body is healing properly and that hormone levels are returning to normal. In some cases, if hCG levels do not decrease as expected or if they rise again after reaching a low point, it may indicate an incomplete abortion or a possible complication. In such situations, further medical evaluation and treatment may be necessary. In conclusion, the length of time it takes for pregnancy hormones to leave the body after an abortion can vary, but on average, it takes about one to two weeks. Factors such as the type of abortion procedure performed, the gestational age of the pregnancy, and individual factors can influence the speed at which hormones are eliminated. It is important to follow up with a healthcare provider after an abortion to monitor hormone levels and ensure that the body is healing properly. Can pregnancy symptoms still occur after an abortion, and if so, how long do they last? When a woman undergoes an abortion, whether it is a surgical or medical procedure, there is a possibility of experiencing pregnancy symptoms afterward. It is important to understand that every woman's body is different and may react in unique ways. However, if pregnancy symptoms persist for an extended period of time, it may be a cause for concern and should be addressed with a healthcare professional. It is not uncommon for some women to experience pregnancy-like symptoms following an abortion. This can be attributed to the hormonal changes that occur in the body during and after the termination of pregnancy. Hormones such as estrogen and progesterone play a crucial role in maintaining pregnancy and when pregnancy is terminated, there is a sudden drop in these hormones, which can lead to various physical and emotional changes. One of the most common symptoms experienced after an abortion is breast tenderness and swelling. This is due to the fluctuation in hormone levels and can last for a few weeks or even a couple of months. It is important to note that breast changes can also be a sign of other conditions, such as an infection, so it is always recommended to consult with a healthcare professional for a proper evaluation. Another symptom that can persist after an abortion is fatigue and mood swings. Hormonal changes can impact energy levels and emotional well-being, leading to feelings of tiredness and irritability. These symptoms are usually temporary and resolve on their own within a few weeks. However, if they persist for a long period of time or worsen, it is important to seek medical advice. Some women may also experience bloating and abdominal cramping after an abortion. This can be a result of the uterus returning to its pre-pregnancy size and shape. These symptoms generally subside within a few days, but if they are severe or accompanied by excessive bleeding, it is crucial to seek medical attention as it could indicate a complication. It is important to note that pregnancy symptoms after an abortion should gradually decrease and eventually disappear completely. If symptoms persist for more than a few weeks or worsen over time, it is advisable to consult with a healthcare professional. They can assess the situation and provide appropriate guidance and treatment if necessary. In conclusion, it is possible for pregnancy symptoms to occur after an abortion due to the hormonal changes that take place in the body. These symptoms can vary in intensity and duration from woman to woman. Generally, symptoms such as breast tenderness, fatigue, mood swings, bloating, and abdominal cramping should gradually subside within a few weeks to a couple of months. It is always important to consult with a healthcare professional if symptoms persist or worsen, as they can provide the necessary guidance and support during this time. If you've recently had an abortion and are wondering whether it's possible to get pregnant again right away, you're not alone. Many women have the same question, and the answer is not always clear-cut. While it is technically possible to become pregnant immediately after an abortion, there are a few factors to consider and a recommended waiting period for optimal reproductive health. Firstly, let's start with the basics. An abortion is a medical procedure that ends a pregnancy. Depending on the type of abortion you have, the process can vary. Surgical abortions involve the removal of the pregnancy through procedures such as suction aspiration or dilation and curettage. Medical abortions, on the other hand, involve taking medication to induce a miscarriage. After an abortion, your body needs time to heal. The timing of your next period can vary, and it may take a few weeks for your menstrual cycle to return to normal. During this time, it's important to use contraception if you don't want to get pregnant again right away. Some healthcare providers recommend waiting at least one menstrual cycle before trying to conceive again, as this allows your body time to recover and reduces the risk of complications. Besides physical healing, there are emotional and psychological aspects to consider as well. An abortion can be a complex and emotionally challenging experience for many women. It's important to give yourself time to process your feelings and ensure that you are emotionally ready before attempting to get pregnant again. Seeking support from a healthcare professional, counselor, or support group can be beneficial during this time. Another factor to consider is the risk of infection. After an abortion, your cervix remains slightly dilated, which can increase the risk of infection. It's vital to follow your healthcare provider's instructions regarding post-procedure care, which may include avoiding sexual intercourse or using certain contraceptives for a specified period. By following these guidelines, you can minimize the risk of complications and ensure a healthy reproductive system. While there is no definitive waiting period recommended by all healthcare providers, it's essential to talk to your doctor about your specific situation. Your healthcare provider can assess your overall health, consider any medical history or underlying conditions, and provide personalized advice tailored to your needs. They may recommend waiting a certain length of time before attempting to conceive again, particularly if there were any complications during the abortion procedure. In conclusion, while it is technically possible to get pregnant immediately after an abortion, there are several factors to consider, including physical healing, emotional readiness, and the risk of infection. To ensure optimal reproductive health, it is generally recommended to wait for at least one menstrual cycle before attempting to conceive again. However, every woman's situation is unique, so it's essential to consult with your healthcare provider for personalized advice and guidance. Remember, taking care of yourself both physically and emotionally is key when navigating your reproductive journey. Can a previous abortion affect future pregnancy test results, even if the person is not currently pregnant? When it comes to pregnancy test results, there are various factors that can influence the outcome. One common question that arises is whether a previous abortion can affect future pregnancy test results, even if the person is not currently pregnant. In order to answer this question, it is important to understand how pregnancy tests work and the potential impact of a previous abortion on the body. Pregnancy tests detect the presence of human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG), a hormone that is produced during pregnancy. When a woman becomes pregnant, her body starts producing hCG. This hormone can be detected in both the urine and blood, which is why pregnancy tests are available in different formats. An abortion, whether it is a surgical procedure or an induced miscarriage (also known as a chemical abortion), removes the pregnancy from the body. Depending on the stage of the pregnancy and the method used, it may take some time for hCG levels to return to normal after an abortion. In general, it can take up to a few weeks for hCG levels to drop back to zero. Considering this, it is possible for a previous abortion to affect future pregnancy test results if the person takes a pregnancy test soon after the procedure. If hCG is still present in the body, the test might show a positive result even if the person is not currently pregnant. This can be misleading and cause unnecessary confusion or worry. To ensure accurate results, it is recommended to wait at least a few weeks after an abortion before taking a pregnancy test. This allows sufficient time for hCG levels to return to normal. If a person takes a pregnancy test too soon after an abortion, they should be aware that the results may not accurately reflect their current pregnancy status. It is important to note that a previous abortion should not have any long-term effects on future pregnancy test results once hCG levels have returned to zero. After the body has fully recovered from an abortion, the results of a pregnancy test should be reliable and accurate. In conclusion, a previous abortion can potentially affect future pregnancy test results if the test is taken soon after the procedure. However, once hCG levels have returned to normal, the results should be reliable and accurate. It is recommended to wait at least a few weeks after an abortion before taking a pregnancy test to ensure accurate results. If there are any concerns or uncertainties, it is always best to consult with a healthcare professional for further guidance. Frequently asked questions It is possible for a pregnancy test to still show positive for a few weeks after an abortion. This is because the hormone hCG, which is produced during pregnancy, can remain in your body for a period of time after the termination of the pregnancy. It is important to follow up with your healthcare provider to ensure that the abortion was successful and to discuss any concerns you may have. Yes, it is possible for a pregnancy test to show positive after an abortion. As mentioned earlier, the hormone hCG can remain in your body for a while after the termination of the pregnancy. This means that a pregnancy test can still detect the hormone and give a positive result, even if the pregnancy has been terminated. The length of time it takes for a pregnancy test to show negative after an abortion can vary. In most cases, it is recommended to wait at least two weeks after the procedure before taking a pregnancy test. This allows enough time for the hormone hCG to leave your body. However, it is important to follow the specific instructions given by your healthcare provider, as they may vary based on the type of abortion procedure you had. It takes a while for a pregnancy test to show negative after an abortion because the hormone hCG can linger in your body after the termination of the pregnancy. This hormone is responsible for maintaining the pregnancy and is typically detected in urine or blood tests. The levels of hCG gradually decrease over time, eventually dropping to a level where they are no longer detectable by a pregnancy test. If your pregnancy test still shows positive after an abortion, it is important to follow up with your healthcare provider. They may want to perform additional tests or examinations to ensure that the termination of the pregnancy was successful. They can also address any concerns or questions you may have about the test results. It is important to remember that everyone's body is different, and the duration of hCG in the body can vary from person to person. Duration of Hormones in the Body After an Abortion. It is common for HCG (human chorionic gonadotropin) levels to remain elevated for a period of time. This hormone, produced during pregnancy, can stay in the system for several weeks after a termination. The length of time it takes for the hormone to be eliminated varies from person to person and depends on several factors, such as the type of abortion, gestational age, and the person's overall health. Factors Affecting the Duration of a False Positive The levels of HCG gradually decrease after an abortion, but the time it takes to completely exit the body can vary. Factors influencing this duration include: Gestational Age The more advanced the pregnancy, the longer it may take for HCG levels to normalize. For instance, a more advanced pregnancy generally results in higher HCG levels that may take longer to decrease. Type of Abortion Miscarriage: This occurs naturally without medical intervention. The rate at which HCG levels decrease can vary widely depending on when the abortion occurred and how the body responded. Induced Abortion: This can be through medication or surgical procedures. Medical abortions use pills to terminate the pregnancy, while surgical abortions remove the uterine contents through a procedure. Both types can have different impacts on the duration of HCG. Individual Health The body's ability to process and eliminate hormones can vary based on general health and metabolism. Factors such as the state of the endocrine system and the efficiency of the liver and kidneys can affect how quickly hormones are eliminated. Explanation of a Positive Result Seeing a positive pregnancy test result after an abortion can be stressful. However, this usually does not mean that the abortion was ineffective. Positive results are often due to residual HCG levels in the body. These levels can remain high enough to be detected by pregnancy tests for several weeks. When to Expect a Negative Result? Average Times In general, HCG levels should decrease to undetectable levels within about four to six weeks after an abortion. This timeframe can vary depending on the factors mentioned above. Some people may see a negative pregnancy test in a shorter period, while others may need more time. Follow-Up Tests To ensure that HCG levels are decreasing as expected, follow-up tests are usually recommended. These can include: Blood tests. Quantitative HCG tests can measure the exact levels of the hormone in the body and show how they are decreasing over time. These tests are very accurate and can detect even small amounts of HCG. Urine tests. Although less accurate than blood tests, urine tests can be useful for checking if HCG levels have dropped. These tests are more accessible and can be done at home. What to Do After an Abortion A follow-up after an abortion is crucial to ensure your recovery is progressing properly. Although routine medical check-ups are not always necessary, it is important to watch for warning signs such as heavy bleeding, fever, or severe pain as these could indicate complications that require medical attention. If you have questions about your recovery process or experience symptoms of complications, do not hesitate to contact us. At safe2choose, we offer free and confidential counseling, providing accurate information and emotional support. Our counselors are available via email and live chat to answer your questions and guide you through each step of the process. For more information, visit our abortion counseling page. Additional Procedures and Tests In some cases, additional procedures, such as an ultrasound, may be necessary to verify that the uterus has been completely cleared. An ultrasound can provide a clear image of the inside of the uterus and help identify any abnormalities that need to be addressed, although complications from a well-performed medical or surgical abortion are very rare. This is especially important if HCG levels are not decreasing as expected or if there are symptoms of complications. Conclusion After an abortion, it is completely normal to experience a positive pregnancy test result for several weeks due to residual HCG levels. Understanding why the hormone remains in the body and following recommendations can help reduce stress in this situation. It is essential to maintain open communication with your health-care provider, companion, or our counselors and perform all necessary tests to ensure a complete and safe recovery. Remember that each body is different, and the time it takes to completely eliminate pregnancy hormones can vary. Monitoring your symptoms and undergoing follow-up tests are important steps to ensure your health and well-being during this recovery period. FAQs Can retained tissue affect HCG levels after an abortion? Yes, retained tissue can keep HCG levels elevated after an abortion. This may require additional medical attention to ensure there are no complications. What are the signs of complications after an abortion? Signs of complications include: heavy bleeding, severe abdominal pain, fever or chills, foul-smelling vaginal discharge, and weakness or dizziness. Seek immediate medical attention if you experience these symptoms. What should I do if my HCG levels are not decreasing as expected? If your HCG levels are not decreasing as expected, contact us for guidance and to determine if you need further medical evaluation. When should I take a follow-up pregnancy test after an abortion? We recommend taking a follow-up pregnancy test about three weeks after the abortion to ensure that HCG levels have adequately decreased. Follow-up after an abortion is crucial to ensure complete recovery. If you have any questions or concerns, contact us through our free and confidential counseling service to receive support and guidance tailored to your situation. We are here to help you every step of the way.