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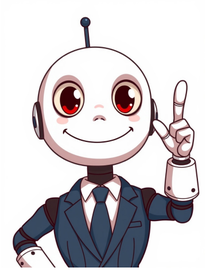

Nearby words doek noun doer noun does verb doesn't short form dof adjective Impressionism noun From the Topic Art C1 Oxford Learner's Dictionaries Word of the Day But Everybody Does It" Most people who get in trouble do know the rules and facts but manage to fool themselves about the risks they're taking by using excuses: "Everyone else does it出自-2011年12月阅读原文"Just because I have a business relationship with an individual and I can profit from that relationship, it does not necessarily mean that this person is my friend," Soupios says.2016年6月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section BA new study of 12,000 workers in 17 countries by Steel case, a furniture-maker which also does consulting, finds that the best way to ensure employees are "engaged" is to give them more control over where and how they do their work—which may mean liberati2017年6月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BAccording to a new study from Cornell University's Food and BrandLab, small nonfood rewards—like the toys in McDonald's Happy Meals—stimulate the same reward centers in the brain as food does.2016年12月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section CAnd yet that does not mean that simply extending our careers is appealing.2019年6月四级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BAs global surface temperatures increase, so does the likelihood of extreme weather.2019年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section BBut English does have two great advantages.2015年12月四级真题（第一套）听力 Section BBut it does require moral strength.2015年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section CBut this does not mean the end of the textbook itself.2019年12月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section CBut what effect does your personality have on your longevity (长寿)?2016年6月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section CFor example, if a robot does chores around the house, you wouldn't want it to put the pet cat in the oven to make dinner for the hungry children.2016年6月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section CGamification does not have to be digital.2016年12月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BHow and why does children's thinking change?2015年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section AHowever, he'll need to do so without tripping the anti-jamming system, the details of which he almost certainly does not have access to.2016年12月四级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BHowever, merely having contact with children does not guarantee happiness in old age.2016年6月四级真题（第一套）阅读 Section AHowever, one of the review's researchers, Mary Beth Spitznagel, says there is "reasonable" evidence breakfast does improve concentration—there just needs to be more research.2019年12月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BIf anything does go wrong while they're in the house, they don 't want to be blamed for it.2018年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section CIn particular, attributing poor performance to a lack of ability depresses motivation more than does the belief that lack of effort is to blame.2016年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section BPassionate, energetic debate does not require anger and hard feelings to be effective.2015年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section CPhysical activity does the body good, and there's growing evidence that it helps the brain too.2016年6月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section AResearch findings increasingly show the power of food to treat or reverse diseases, but that does not mean that diet alone is always the solution, or that every illness can benefit substantially from dietary changes.2018年12月四级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BSo English really does have an international vocabulary.2015年12月四级真题（第一套）听力 Section BSometimes this involves technology, but often it does not.2016年12月四级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BThat's especially worrying, she says, given that anorexia results in more deaths than does any other mental illness, according to the National Institute of Mental Health.2016年12月四级真题（第二套）阅读 Section CThe study did not examine the possibility of deep psychological significance to the mistake, says psychologist David Rubin, "but it does tell us who's in and who's out of the group."2019年6月四级真题（第一套）阅读 Section CThis difference in handling conflict could be the deciding factor on who gets promoted to a leadership position and who does not.2017年12月四级真题（第一套）阅读 Section CWhat does the passage say is an entertaining way of enhancing one's analytical skills?2019年12月四级真题（第二套）听力 Section CWhat else does the speaker advice people to do to improve their analytical skills?2019年12月四级真题（第二套）听力 Section CWhen it does rain, it tends to be a very light rain that isn't troublesome.2019年12月四级真题（第一套）听力 Section C"By taking upon the role of adviser rather than decision maker, one does not suffer the consequences of decision fatigue," he says.2018年6月六级真题（第三套）阅读 Section C"Whole foods are always the best option rather than adding supplements," he says, noting the FDA does not regulate supplements as rigorously as foods or drugs.2019年12月六级真题（第二套）阅读 Section BAlthough the American Academy of Pediatrics offers guidelines recommending that parents model appropriate social media use for their children, it does not explicitly discuss oversharing by parents.2018年12月六级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BAnd Burke says that actually does seem to help, based on randomized studies—the researchers' gold standard.2016年6月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section CBarrett wanted to find out if the absence of physical currency does indeed cause a person to spend more, so she decided to conduct an experiment a few months ago.2017年6月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section CBut does a cashless society really make good economic sense?2017年6月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section CBut now a systematic review and analysis of studies by Canadian researchers found that not only does pasta not cause weight gain, but three meals a week can help people drop more than half a kilogram over four months.2019年6月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section ABut the momentum of incandescent lighting does not stop there.2015年12月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BBut the new work does go further than previous research and suggests that screen time should still be considered a potential barrier to young people's flourishing.2019年12月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BBut the system isn't efficient, and it does not work that well.2016年6月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section ABut this does not apply to everyone, so it is essential to establish your own rhythm.2017年6月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section CForward exchange cover, now what does that mean exactly?2015年12月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section AHow does one figure out who is a weak teacher?2016年6月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section CHow does the job of features editor differ from that of fashion editor or other editorial positions?2019年12月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section AHowever, many schools seem to ignore the advice; and it does not cover the kind of glamorous, exotic trips.2019年12月六级真题（第三套）阅读 Section CIf you think this does not apply to you, then here is a simple test to show you are wrong.2017年6月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section CIn both good times and bad, turnover creates more openings than economic growth does.2015年12月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section CIntroducing a fundraising requirement for students does not help, as better-off children can tap up richer aunts and neighbours.2019年12月六级真题（第三套）阅读 Section CIt could also insist on checking private manned spacecraft as thoroughly as it does commercial aircraft.2015年12月六级真题（第二套）阅读 Section CIt turns out that the less skilled pianist spends more time looking at her fingers than does the expert who, in contrast, is more likely to be looking at the sheet music, or looking ahead at keys he's not yet playing.2019年6月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section CMany successful virtual companies provide digital services, such as financial transactions, in the case of PayPal, or means of communication, as Skype does.2015年12月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section COne recent study attempted to calculate the extent of this "ecological overshoot of the human economy", and found that we are using 1.2 Earth's-worth of environmental goods and services—the implication being that at some point the debt will be called in, 2016年6月六级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BOr if reading or listening does a trick, maybe you feel like you're a verbal learner.2019年12月六级真题（第二套）听力 Section CSome research does suggest that these programs hold promise.2016年12月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BThat is the fact that not everyone is British, not everyone speaks English and not everyone does business in a British way.2018年6月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section CIn weighing the evidence, we can now say with some confidence that pasta does not have an adverse effect on body weight outcomes when it is consumed as part of a healthy dietary pattern.2019年6月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section AThe studies also ran up against many methodological challenges, the biggest of which centered on the old statistical saying, "Correlation does not equal causation."2018年12月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section CThe U.S. is also the only advanced economy that does not guarantee workers paid vacation time, and it's one of only two countries in the world that does not offer guaranteed paid maternity leave.2016年12月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BThe video challenge does not put individual students on the hot seat—so it's less intimidating by design.2017年6月六级真题（第三套）阅读 Section BThey may have a home to shelter themselves, but it does not have power supply, a telephone or plumbing.2017年6月六级真题（第一套）听力 Section CThis does not prove causality, but is consistent with it.2019年12月六级真题（第一套）阅读 Section BA school boy or girl is unpunctual because he or she does not have the necessary human virtue of self-discipline.2015年高考英语陕西卷 阅读理解 阅读B 原文Also, sometimes pre-anger does not have to do with a lasting condition, but rather a temporary state before a triggering event has occurred.2018年高考英语北京卷 阅读理解 七选五 原文As Cancandy's success grows, so does Moore's credibility as a young entrepreneur.2019年高考英语北京卷 阅读理解 阅读B 原文At what time does metrorail stop service on Saturday?2014年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读D 题设But like so many other things, it is only too much stress that does you harm.2016年高考英语上海卷 语法填空 B 原文But no one does enough to limit exemptions.2017年高考英语北京卷 阅读理解 阅读C 原文But now a study has found it really does help people nod off—if it is milked from a cow at night.2016年高考英语四川卷 阅读理解 阅读D 原文By the way, does your package need packing?2017年高考英语北京卷 听力 原文Canning is a natural extension of the planting she does.2015年高考英语湖北卷 阅读理解 阅读B 原文For whom does the woman buy the T-shirt?2015年高考英语湖南卷 听力 题设His daughter does better in school.2016年高考英语天津卷 阅读理解 阅读B 选项How does an early-warning system help us maintain the ecological balance?2019年高考英语天津卷 阅读理解 阅读C 题设How does Ed usually go to kindergarten ? .2018年高考英语全国卷2 听力 题设How does emily feel about stopping training ? .2018年高考英语全国卷2 听力 题设How does intensive course differ from standard course?2016年高考英语天津卷 阅读理解 阅读A 题设How does Owain James feel about the gap-year phenomenon?2015年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读C 题设How does Steven describe his music?2015年高考英语湖北卷 听力 题设How does the author feel about the solutions to problem of robocalls?2019年高考英语北京卷 阅读理解 阅读C 题设How does the author sound when telling the story?2015年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读A 题设How does the author support the theme of the text?2016年高考英语四川卷 阅读理解 阅读D 题设How does the man sound at the end of the conversation ? .2018年高考英语全国卷2 听力 题设How does the speaker feel about his teacher?2018年高考英语全国卷I 听力 题设How does the speaker get to her office today?2017年高考英语北京卷 听力 题设How does the woman feel about James' situation?2019年高考英语浙江卷 听力 题设How does the woman feel about James' situation ? .2019年高考英语全国卷I 听力 题设How does the woman feel now?2019年高考英语全国卷2 听力 题设How does the woman go to work?2018年高考英语全国卷I 听力 题设How does the writer recommend chronologica to readers?2017年高考英语江苏卷 阅读理解 阅读A 题设How long does it probably take a tourist to drive to holker from manchester?2018年高考英语全国卷3 阅读理解 阅读A 题设How much does the t-shirt normally cost?2015年高考英语湖南卷 听力 题设How much does the woman need to pay for the minibus?2017年高考英语北京卷 听力 题设How much more more does David need for the car?2017年高考英语全国卷2 听力 题设How often does the man exercise at the gym?2015年高考英语湖南卷 听力 题设However, greater parental involvement does not necessarily indicate that parents are failing to let go of their "adult" children.2015年高考英语北京卷 阅读理解 阅读D 原文However, if others benefit in the process, and I get some reward too, does it really matter where my motivation lies?2019年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读B 原文I give a very simplified version of what a judge does.2016年高考英语上海卷 听力 原文In Lucy Grant's opinion, why does downsgifting require a lot of thoughts and planning?2015年高考英语上海卷 听力 题设In reality, it's the chair that does the important work.2014年高考英语全国卷1 阅读理解 阅读C 原文Indeed science is so good at what it does that there's always a temptation to drag it into problems where it may not be helpful.2015年高考英语湖北卷 阅读理解 阅读E 原文It does point out that many parents still limit electronic reading, mainly due to concerns about increased screen time.2018年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读C 原文It is never rare to find that Mozart packs japanese concert halls, as japanese painter Hiroshige does Paris galleries, unique works of this kind are different from today's popular art, even if they began as works of popular art.2015年高考英语重庆卷 阅读理解 阅读E 原文Larger transparent animals have the biggest challenge, because they have to make all the different tissues in their bodies slow down light exactly as much as water does.2015年高考英语北京卷 阅读理解 阅读C 原文Love brings more joy to people than work does.2016年高考英语天津卷 阅读理解 阅读C 选项On what occasion does a person probably suffer from performance fatigue?2016年高考英语天津卷 阅读理解 阅读D 题设Smell, however, does seem to play a part in human attraction.2015年高考英语上海卷 完形填空 原文Talking to someone you don't know is not the easiest thing to do! some experts say with more practice, small talk does get easier.2015年高考英语安徽卷 任务型读写 原文The most important result for the user is that the product does what is intended.2016年高考英语上海卷 选词填空 原文The mother held the baby in her front paws much the way a human does.2016年高考英语四川卷 语法填空 原文The sense of excitement and tension levels rise suddenly though, as does your heart rate, as you move closer to them.2015年高考英语重庆卷 阅读理解 阅读D 原文The shock and anger when a social media firm does something with data that people don't expect, even if users have apparently permission, show that the current situation isn't working.2016年高考英语上海卷 阅读理解 阅读C 原文Today, it's hard to find a public school, university, or law school that does not have such a kind of program.2014年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读B 原文Unlike the forced wait, which is also voluntary, waiting for your lucky break does not necessarily mean that it will happen.2017年高考英语天津卷 阅读理解 阅读C 原文When it comes to technology and reading, the report does little to counsel parents looking for data about the effect of e-readers and tablets on reading.2018年高考英语全国卷2 阅读理解 阅读C 原文While high school does not generally encourage students to explore new aspects of life, college sets the stage for that exploration.2017年高考英语全国卷1 完形填空 原文Your major does not matter as much in your first of college.2016年高考英语浙江卷（6月） 阅读理解 七选五 原文Although a correlation between them leaving and subsequent bad performance at the firm is suggestive, it does not mean that such directors are always jumping off a sinking ship.2011年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡAnd then the inevitable happens: You lose your patience and either scream at your kids or say something that was a bit too harsh and does nobody any good.2020年考研真题（英语二）完形填空 Section ⅠAnti-immigrant sentiment typically increases, as does conflict between races and classes.2012年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡAnyway, the act of laughing probably does produce other types of physical feedback, that improve an individual's emotional state.2011年考研真题（英语一）完形填空 Section ⅠBankers' fat pay packets have attracted much criticism, but a public-sector system that does not reward high achievers may be a much bigger problem for America.2012年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡBut all too often such policies are an insincere form of virtue-signaling that benefits only the most privileged and does little to help average people.2020年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡBut anyone who does not have to sell is keeping away, waiting for confidence to return.2010年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡBut because hard laughter is difficult to sustain, a good laugh is unlikely to have measurable benefits the way, say, walking or jogging does.2011年考研真题（英语一）完形填空 Section ⅠBut despite common misconceptions, a gap year does not hinder the success of academic pursuits—in fact, it probably enhances it.2017年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡBut, when one considers the obstacles to achieving the meritocratic ideal, it does look as if a fairer world must be temporarily ordered.2013年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡCalifornia is leading the way, as it does on so many climate efforts, in figuring out the details.2019年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡDNT does not seem an obviously huge selling point for windows 8-though the firm has compared some of its other products favourably with Google's on that count before.2013年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡGetting a DNT signal does not oblige anyone to stop tracking, although some companies have promised to do so.2013年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡIn fact, instead of straining muscles to build them, as exercise does, laughter apparently accomplishes the opposite.2011年考研真题（英语一）完形填空 Section ⅠIt does not include important factors such as environmental quality or education outcomes—all things that contribute to a person's sense of well-being.2017年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡJust how much does the Constitution protect your digital data?2015年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡLaughter does produce short-term changes in the function of the heart and its blood vessels, boosting heart rate and oxygen consumption.2011年考研真题（英语一）完形填空 Section ⅠMeanwhile, this policy does nothing to ensure that the homework students receive is meaningful or appropriate to their age and the subject, or that teachers are not assigning more than they are willing to review and correct.2012年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section ⅡNor does it reveal how much companies are banking on the halo effect, rather than the other possible benefits, when they decide their do-gooding policies.2016年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡResearchers admit that their study does not answer the question of how much businesses ought to spend on CSR.2016年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡSo does the idea that decisions made by AI systems should be explainable, transparent, and fair.2020年考研真题（英语一）翻译 Section ⅢSo what does our deep future hold?2013年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡSo, does the Spanish crisis suggest that monarchy is seeing its last days?2015年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡThe IASB says it does not want to act without overall planning, but the pressure to fold when it completes its reconstruction of rules later this year is strong.2010年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡThis practice does not address the real worry.2018年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡUnder the law, using a fashion model that does not meet a government-defined index of body mass could result in a $85, 000 fine and six months in prison.2016年考研真题（英语一）阅读理解 Section ⅡWhat Washington does – or doesn't do – to promote alternative energy may mean less and less at a time of a global shift in thought.2018年考研真题（英语二）阅读理解 Section Ⅱ If you've ever stopped mid-sentence wondering, "Do I say 'Do he play?' or 'Does he play?'" — you're not alone. Do VS Does with their comparison chart and full guidelines I will share in this content. Many English learners (and even native speakers) get confused about when to use do and when to use does.Both words are forms of the verb "to do," and they play important roles in forming questions, negatives, emphasis, and more.In this complete guide on Do vs Does, you'll learn:What do and does actually mean (definitions)The grammar rules of do and doesA simple comparison chart you can memorizeOver 40 real-life examplesPractice exercises with answersCommon mistakes (and how to fix them)This article is designed for ESL learners, teachers, exam-takers, and English grammar lovers who want a clear, structured, and visual way to master "do vs does."Do and Does — Definition & FunctionBefore diving into rules, let's understand what do and does actually are.What is "do/does" as an auxiliary verb?As auxiliary verbs (also called helping verbs), do and does are used in the present simple tense to:Make questionsMake negativesAdd emphasisExamples:Do you like pizza? (question)He does not like rain. (negative)I do understand you. (emphasis)What is "do/does" as a main verb?As main verbs, do and does mean perform / carry out / complete an action.Examples:I do my homework every evening.She does the dishes after dinner.Rules of Do and DoesNow, let's break down the grammar rules step by step.Subject–Verb Agreement (Core Rule)Subject TypeUseI / you / we / theydohe / she / it / singular nounsdoesplural nouns (dogs, people, cars)domost singular indefinite pronouns (everyone, someone, nobody)doesExamples:I do yoga every morning.He does yoga every morning.They do yoga together.The teacher does a great job.Edge Cases You Must KnowCaseRuleExampleSingular "they"Takes doThey do their best.Collective nouns (team, staff)Usually does in American English; can be do in British EnglishThe team does practice. / The team do practice.Indefinite pronounsEveryone / someone / no one → does Many / few → doEveryone does agree. Few do disagree.Tricky singularsWords like news, mathematics are singular → doesThe news does spread quickly.Forming Affirmative SentencesIn simple present tense, do/does is not needed in affirmative sentences unless for emphasis.SubjectExampleI / we / theyThey play football.he / she / itShe plays football.Only use "do/does" in affirmatives for emphasis:I do enjoy my job.He does work hard.Forming NegativesWe use do not (don't) or does not (doesn't) + base verb.SubjectNegative FormExampleI / you / we / theydo not / don't + base verbThey don't eat meat.he / she / itdoes not / doesn't + base verbShe doesn't like coffee.Important: She doesn't likes tea. → Wrong She doesn't like tea. → CorrectForming QuestionsStructure: Do / Does + Subject + Base Verb?ExampleDo they work here?Does she live in New York?Do you play the guitar?Subject Questions (No Do/Does)When who / what is the subject, we do not use do/does:Who called you?What makes you happy?Who does call you? → Only used for emphasis.Short Answers & Tag QuestionsQuestionShort AnswerTagDo you like ice cream?Yes, I do.You like ice cream, don't you?Does he work here?No, he doesn't.He works here, doesn't he?Emphatic "Do/Does"Use "do/does" to show strong feeling or contrast.I do care!She does know the answer.He does love you.Imperatives (Commands)We can use do in polite or emphatic commands. "Does" is not used in imperatives.Do sit down.Do help yourself to some cake.Ellipsis / Substitution with "do"We can avoid repeating verbs using do/does.He likes jazz, and so do I.She loves reading, and so does Tom.I don't like it, and neither does she.Inversion After NegativesWe use do/does after certain negative adverbs (rarely, never, not only, seldom):Not only does she speak English, she also speaks Spanish.Rarely do they complain.Differences Between Do and DoesLet's summarize the key differences.Person & NumberSubjectCorrect VerbI / you / we / theydohe / she / it / singular nounsdoesForm & SpellingBaseNegativeContractiondodo notdon'tdoesdoes notdoesn'tAfter "doesn't," the main verb must be in base form (no "-s").Use in Emphasis & StyleI do want to go! → EmphasisHe does care! → Strong emotionBoth do and does add strength or contrast to a sentence.Do vs Does With Comparison ChartSubjectAuxiliaryAffirmativeNegativeQuestionShort AnswerIdoI do play.I don't play.Do I play?Yes, I do.youdoYou do work.You don't work.Do you work?No, you don't.wedoWe do agree.We don't agree.Do we agree?Yes, we do.theydoThey do study.They don't study.Do they study?Yes, they do.hedoesHe does run.He doesn't run.Does he run?No, he doesn't.shedoesShe does help.She doesn't help.Does she help?Yes, she does.itdoesIt does work.It doesn't work.Does it work?No, it doesn't.everyonedoesEveryone does agree.Everyone doesn't agree.Does everyone agree?Yes, everyone does.the team (AmE)doesThe team does train.The team doesn't train.Does the team train?Yes, it does.the policedoThe police do investigate.The police don't investigate.Do the police investigate?Yes, they do.Do and Does ExamplesLet's look at 40+ real-world examples.Everyday Conversation (10)Do you like pizza?She does yoga every morning.We do our shopping on Sundays.He doesn't drink coffee.Do they know each other?Does it hurt?I do my best every day.She doesn't talk much.Do you understand?Yes, I do.Academic / Workplace (10)Does the report include financial data?We do weekly team meetings.He does research in physics.The students do homework daily.Do you have any questions?She doesn't miss deadlines.The manager does performance reviews.Do you submit your assignments on time?It does improve productivity.The company does support remote work.Emphatic & Stylistic (8)I do want to help.He does care about you.She does understand the problem.They do believe in fairness.We do appreciate your effort.It does make a difference.I do agree with you.He does know the answer.Subject Questions vs Auxiliary Questions (6)Who called you? (subject question)What makes her happy?Who does call you every day? (emphasis only)What does she eat for lunch? (auxiliary question)Who does know the truth? (emphatic tone)What do they do on weekends?Exercise of Do and Does (with Answer Key)Let's test what you've learned!Beginner — Fill in the Blanks___ they play football?He ___ not eat meat.We ___ go to school every day.___ she work here?I ___ like ice cream.___ you know the answer?She ___ her homework.They ___ not speak English.___ it make sense?The teacher ___ a great job.Intermediate — Correct the Error (10)She doesn't likes tea.Do he play the guitar?They doesn't agree.Does you understand?He do his homework.The students does not talk.It don't make sense.Does she plays tennis?We doesn't go out.Everyone do know that.Advanced — Transformations (8)(Statement → Question) They play cricket. → _____(Question → Negative) Does he cook? → _____(Add emphasis) She likes music. → _____ (Use ellipsis) I enjoy reading. → _____ (Use "neither") I don't swim. → _____ (Add tag) You do your work, _____?(Subject question) _____ calls you every day?(Negative inversion) _____ do they miss class.Answers:Here are the correct answers with explanations:___ he play football?b) DoesWe use does with singular third-person (he, she, it).They ___ not like spicy food.b) do"They" is plural, so we use do.Which sentence is correct?b) She doesn't like tea.After doesn't, we use the base form of the verb (like, not likes).___ you understand the rules?b) Do"You" takes do.Everyone ___ know the answer.b) does"Everyone" is treated as singular, so we use does.Which is correct?a) What makes you happy?The auxiliary "does" is not needed here. The subject "what" already works with "makes."___ the students study English?a) Do"Students" is plural, so we use do.The police ___ arrive on time.a) do"The police" is considered plural, so we use do.Intermediate:She doesn't like tea.Does he play the guitar?They don't agree.Do you understand?He does his homework.The students do not talk.It doesn't make sense.Does she play tennis?We don't go out.Everyone does know that.Advanced:Do they play cricket?He doesn't cook.She does like music.I enjoy reading, and so does she.Neither do I.don't you?Who calls you every day?Rarely do they miss class.Common Mistakes & How to Fix Them Wrong CorrectWhy?She doesn't likes tea.She doesn't like tea.Main verb must be in base form.People does agree.People do agree.Plural subjects use do.Who does call you? (normal question)Who calls you?No do/does when who is subject.He don't work here.He doesn't work here.Singular 3rd person → doesn't.Singular "they" does their job.Singular "they" do their job."They" (even singular) takes do.Quick Reference: Do vs Does RulesUse do with I, you, we, they, plural nounsUse does with he, she, it, singular nounsUse do not / don't or does not / doesn't to form negativesAfter does/doesn't, use the base verb (no -s)Use do/does + subject + base verb to form questionsNever use do/does in subject questions like Who called?Use do/does for emphasis: I do agree.Use so/neither + do/does + subject to avoid repetitionFAQs — Do vs DoesIs "does" singular or plural?Does is used with singular third-person subjects (he, she, it, a student, a cat). Example: She does her homework.When do we use "do" vs "does" in questions?Use do with I/you/we/they: Do you like chocolate? Use does with he/she/it: Does she play tennis?Can we use "does" for emphasis?Yes We've understood, then, that using do and does in questions is essential, as well as in short answers and negations. But how do you do it? Let's take a look at it together.First, the difference between do and does is that we use:Do for the first and second person singular, the first, second, and third person plural.(I, you, we, you, they)Does for the third person singular(she, he, it)He do does his homework .That said, the structure of the questions should be as follows:Auxiliary Do/Does + Subject + Main verb + Object or other complements + ?Do you live in Australia? →Do they know our address? → Do they know our address?Does she want another cookie? → Does she want another cookie?When questions use interrogative words (when, who, what, why, how), do and does are used as auxiliary verbs for the simple present tense. The structure of the questions varies slightly depending on the interrogative word used.The general structure to follow is always the following:Interrogative word + do/does + subject + base verb + rest of the sentence + ?Let's look at some examples to better understand how it works in these cases.When do you wake up in the morning? → When do you wake up in the morning?Where do Anna and John live? → Where do Anna and John live?Why do you like this movie? → Why do you like this movie?How do I get to the station? → How do I get to the station?Why does he always arrive late? → Why does he always arrive late?In case of a negative question, we will behave as follows:Why don't you like this movie?And in case of questions in the past , we simply conjugate the verbs do and does in the past tense, leaving the main verb in the present tense.Why did you like the station? → Why did you like this film? →When did you wake up this morning? → When did you wake up this morning?Please note : if "who" is the subject of the question, then it is not necessary to use the auxiliary verbs do and does.Who wants to come with me? → Chi vuole venire con me? (Here it's the subject, so no do)Who do you know here? → Chi conosci qui? (In this case it's not the subject, so the auxiliary is needed.) do 用于第一人称、第二人称、第三人称的复数(I/you/we/they)。 does 用于第三人称单数(he/she/it) I / We / They do my homework every day . (do是实义动词） 我/我们/ 他们每天做作业。 Do you do you homework every day? 你每天都有做你的作业吗？（第一个do是助动词） He /She does his / her homework every day . (does是实义动词） 他/她每天做作业。 He does his homework every day . (does是实义动词） 他每天都做作业 Does he do his homework every day? 他每天都做他的作业吗？（does是助动词） I get up at seven every day. 你每天7点钟起床吗？ Do you get up at seven every day？（do是助动词） 你每天7点钟起床吗？ Jim gets up at seven every day. 吉姆每天7点钟起床 Does Jim get up at seven every day？（does是助动词） 吉姆每天7点钟起床吗？ What time does he go to school every day？（does是助动词） 他每天几点钟上学？ Does he get his book back? 他拿回他的书了吗？ He likes watching TV. 他喜欢看电视。 She has lunch at twelve. 她十二点吃午餐。 She looks like a cat. 她看起来像只猫。 Han Mei looks like her mother. 韩梅看起来像她的母亲。 Beijing is in China. 北京在中国。 Uncle Wang often makes cakes. 王叔叔经常做蛋糕。 Does Uncle Wang get his book back? 王叔叔拿回他的钱了吗？ Does Han MeiMei get her book back? 韩梅梅拿回他的书了吗？ A horse is a useful animal. 马是有用的动物。 This book is yours. 这本书是你的。 That car is red. 那辆小汽车是红色的。 The cat is Lucy's. 这只猫是露茜的。 Everyone is here. 大家到齐了。 is something wrong with the watch. 这块手表有毛病。 This is a pen. 这是一支钢笔。 That is an eraser. 那是一块橡皮擦。 The milk is in the glass. 牛奶在玻璃杯里。 The bread is very small. 那面包很小。 Page 2AI 生成回答爱总结：提升信息传递效率一、1. AI 总结功能的技术基础与演进路径人工智能在自然语言处理（NLP）领域的突破，为自动化内容摘要提供了坚实的技术支撑。以Transformer架构为核心的模型，如GPT系列和BERT，在理解上下文语义方面展现出卓越能力。根据斯坦福大学2023年发布的《AI Index Report》，基于深度学习的文本摘要系统在ROUGE评分体系中的F1值已达到0.78以上，显著高于传统算法的0.52。这类系统通过编码-解码机制或指针生成网络，能够识别原文中的关键句段并进行语义重组。近年来，引入强化学习优化摘要连贯性、使用对比学习增强信息密度的方法进一步提升了输出质量。例如，Google Research开发的Pegasus模型专门针对摘要任务设计预训练目标，在XSum数据集上的表现优于同期多数模型。技术迭代不仅体现在算法层面，也包括算力支持与大规模语料库建设。当前主流AI摘要工具普遍依托百亿级参数模型运行，确保对复杂文本结构的理解深度。二、2. 信息过载时代的内容压缩需求现代社会面临前所未有的信息洪流。据国际数据公司（IDC）统计，2025年全球新生成数据量预计达175ZB，其中非结构化文本占比超过80%。面对海量资讯，人类注意力资源日益稀缺，平均专注时长从2000年的12秒下降至2023年的8秒（Microsoft研究数据）。在此背景下，高效获取核心信息成为刚需。AI驱动的自动摘要技术正扮演“信息过滤器”角色，将冗长报告、学术论文或会议纪要压缩为可快速消化的要点集合。实验表明，经AI提炼的300字摘要能使阅读者在90秒内掌握原数千字文档的主要观点，理解准确率维持在76%以上（Journal of Cognitive Engineering, 2022）。这种效率提升不仅适用于个人知识管理，也在企业决策流程中发挥价值。麦肯锡调研显示，采用智能摘要系统的团队在跨部门沟通中的信息同步速度提高40%，会议准备时间减少35%。信息压缩并非简单删减，而是基于语义重要性评估的知识重构过程。三、3. 多场景应用验证效率增益AI生成总结已在多个专业领域实现规模化落地。教育行业中，Coursera平台集成摘要功能后，学员对课程视频的文字回顾效率提升52%，结课率相应增长9个百分点。科研领域，Nature出版社试点AI辅助摘要服务，帮助研究人员在每日新增的数万篇论文中快速定位相关成果，文献筛选耗时降低约60%。金融分析方面，Bloomberg Terminal引入自动生成财报要点模块，分析师处理上市公司年报的时间由平均每份45分钟缩短至12分钟，且关键指标提取完整度达93%。法律文书处理同样受益，美国部分律所使用Kira Systems等工具对合同条款进行摘要提取，审查周期压缩近一半。这些案例共同揭示一个趋势：当AI承担初级信息加工任务时，人类得以释放认知资源，专注于更高阶的判断与创新工作。应用场景的多样性证明，该技术的价值不局限于单一行业，而是一种普适性的生产力工具。四、4. 准确性与可信度的持续优化尽管AI摘要具备高效优势，其输出可靠性始终是关注焦点。早期系统常因忽略上下文依赖或误判重点导致信息失真。当前解决方案聚焦于多维度质量控制机制。一方面，融合抽取式与生成式方法的混合模型能兼顾事实保真与表达流畅，MIT CSAIL团队测试结果显示此类模型在避免虚构信息方面的错误率比纯生成模型低67%。另一方面，引入可解释性模块使用户可追溯摘要依据的原始段落，增强透明度。IBM Watson Discovery提供“证据链”功能，标注每条摘要对应的原文位置。第三方评测平台如Hugging Face的Open LLM Leaderboard定期发布各模型在TruthfulQA等基准测试中的得分，推动行业标准形成。此外，领域微调策略显著提升垂直场景表现，医疗摘要模型BioClinicalBERT在临床笔记摘要任务中达到医生人工水平的91%一致性。随着反馈闭环机制和持续学习能力的完善，AI生成内容的可信边界正在稳步扩展。 ©著作权归作者所有,转载或内容合作请联系作者【社区内容提示】社区部分内容疑似由AI辅助生成，浏览时请结合常识与多方信息审慎甄别。平台声明：文章内容（如有图片或视频亦包括在内）由作者上传并发布，文章内容仅代表作者本人观点，简书系信息发布平台，仅提供信息存储服务。 Page 31. 猫咪应激与乱尿行为的关联机制猫咪在经历环境变化、新成员加入、噪音干扰或医疗操作等外界刺激后，容易产生心理应激反应。研究表明，超过68%的家猫在遭遇显著生活变动时会出现行为异常，其中乱尿是最常见的表现之一。这种行为并非出于报复或故意捣乱，而是猫咪在压力状态下通过气味标记来重建安全感的本能反应。美国猫科行为研究协会（ACVB）指出，应激会激活猫咪下丘脑-垂体-肾上腺轴（HPA轴），导致皮质醇水平升高，进而影响其排泄习惯和领地标记行为。值得注意的是，乱尿与正常排尿在行为模式上有明显区别：乱尿通常发生在垂直表面，排尿量少且频繁，而猫砂盆内的排尿则为蹲伏姿势、排尿量大。识别这一差异有助于准确判断问题性质，避免误诊为泌尿系统疾病。2. 彻底清除残留气味的科学方法有效处理乱尿区域的关键在于彻底分解尿液中的有机成分，而非简单掩盖气味。普通家用清洁剂如含氨或醋类产品可能适得其反，因为氨的气味与尿液相似，反而会吸引猫咪重复标记。推荐使用含有酶类成分的专用宠物去味剂，如蛋白酶、尿酸酶等，这些生物酶可将尿液中的尿素、尿酸和肌酐分解为无味的小分子物质。实验数据显示，经过酶解处理的污染区域，猫咪重复标记的概率降低至未处理区域的23%。清洁时需先用纸巾吸干表面液体，再充分喷洒酶解清洁剂并保持湿润至少15分钟，必要时可用黑光灯检测残留荧光区域以确保全面覆盖。对于地毯或软垫等深层渗透材料，建议使用蒸汽清洗机配合专用清洁液，温度控制在70°C以上可有效杀灭细菌并加速酶活性。3. 重建猫砂盆使用习惯的有效策略在消除气味诱因的基础上，需通过正向引导帮助猫咪恢复对猫砂盆的信任。首先确保猫砂盆数量满足“N+1”原则，即家庭猫咪总数加一，位置应分布在安静、易达且远离食水区的不同区域。研究证实，多猫家庭中猫砂盆不足是引发排泄回避行为的主要风险因素之一。选择无香型、结团性良好的膨润土或豆腐砂，每日至少清理两次，每周彻底更换并清洗盆体。可在原有乱尿点位放置临时猫砂盆，逐步迁移至理想位置，利用猫咪的路径依赖特性完成空间引导。同时，在目标猫砂盆周围布置费洛蒙扩散器（Feliway），临床试验显示该装置可在两周内使应激相关乱尿行为减少54%。所有调整应循序渐进，避免短时间内多重变动加重心理负担。 ©著作权归作者所有,转载或内容合作请联系作者【社区内容提示】社区部分内容疑似由AI辅助生成，浏览时请结合常识与多方信息审慎甄别。平台声明：文章内容（如有图片或视频亦包括在内）由作者上传并发布，文章内容仅代表作者本人观点，简书系信息发布平台，仅提供信息存储服务。 Page 4宠物智能猫砂盆清理周期3天1次够吗？一、智能猫砂盆的工作原理与清洁机制1. 智能猫砂盆的自动清理逻辑 现代智能猫砂盆普遍采用红外感应或重量传感技术，当猫咪离开猫砂盆后，设备会在设定时间（通常为5-15分钟）内启动清理程序。该程序通过耙子或滚筒结构将结团的排泄物分离并推入密封储便仓，同时保留未受污染的猫砂继续使用。这一自动化流程显著减少了人工干预频率，但并不意味着可以完全依赖机器而忽视定期深度清洁。2. 日常维护⇌彻底清洁 尽管智能猫砂盆具备自动铲屎功能，其内部结构如边角、传感器区域、排泄物导槽等仍可能残留尿液结晶或粪便碎屑。这些残留物在潮湿环境下易滋生细菌，产生氨气等有害气体，长期积累不仅影响空气质量，